

Comprehensive Plan: Landuse Element Update

City Council Study Session August 20, 2024



Agenda

- 1) Staff presentation (15 min max)
 - What is land Use Requirements
 - Why do we need to update the existing goals & Policies
 - Key Land Use changes for the 2044 update
 - Land Use in Edmonds
 - Public Input from the community meeting
 - Goals & Policies Framework
 - Schedule
- 2) PB summary on Land Use subcommittee feedback (10 min)
- 3) Council roundtable on specific goals/policies (45 min)
- 4) General discussion (20 min)

What is Land Use Element?



Mandatory element within the Comprehensive Plan.



Land Use Element Requirements

The land use element of urban planning involves comprehensive planning for various land uses, including residential, commercial, industrial, agricultural, and recreational areas.

- Details guidelines on population density and building intensities.
- Emphasis on environmental justice and public health equity.
- Aims to reduce single occupancy vehicle usage.
- Accounts for infrastructure needs and green spaces.
- Aims to create a balanced, sustainable, and safe environment for all



WHY



Compliance with Laws and Regulations



Demographic Change



Market trends



Removing
Outdated Policies



Reduce Redundancy



Improve Efficiency



Changing Trends in Land use

Changing Trends

- Mixed-Use Development: Integration of residential, commercial, and recreational uses.
- Placemaking: Focus on vibrant public spaces.
- Environmental Considerations: Green infrastructure and resilience planning.

Changing Needs & Issues

- Affordable Housing: Addressing the housing crisis.
- Equity & Inclusion: Ensuring access and addressing historical inequities.
- Mobility: Multimodal transportation and reduced car dependency.
- Community Engagement: Collaborative planning with community input.

Impact of Changing Demographics

- Aging Population: Senior-friendly design.
- Cultural Diversity: Culturally responsive planning.
- Younger Generations: Preference for urban living and walkability.

Key Concerns Today

- Growth vs. Sustainability: Balancing development with environmental protection.
- Gentrification: Mitigating displacement.
- Adapting to climate change impacts.
- Planning for sustainable, modern infrastructure.
- Land Use Conflicts: Managing competing interests (e.g., open space vs. development).



House Bills Applied – Single-Family Zones

HB 1110

HB 1337

HB 1220

- Increases middle housing in single family residential areas
- At least two homes per lot
- Four per lot if located within a quarter-mile walking distance of a major transit stop (Like SWIFT BRT Stop or Amtrak station in Edmonds)
- Four per lot if one of the homes is affordable.

 Requires allowing 2 accessory dwelling units in all singlefamily zoning districts

- Requires cities to differentiate between housing types, ties these types to affordability levels
- Have sufficient capacity for each housing type

(The capacity target by housing types is provided by Snohomish County Housing Requirements Report as per Dept. of Commerce guidance)

Community Feedback Summary



- Outline specific mitigation efforts to manage the increased density.
- Address parking, traffic flow, and stormwater management to maintain livability.
- Apply consistent standards for all types of development to ensure fairness and environmental sustainability.
- Explicitly designate areas like Marina Beach Park, the Unocal parcel, Edmonds Marsh, and the fish hatchery/demonstration garden as Open Space.
- While affordable housing is necessary, it should not compromise the quality of established neighborhoods.
- Incentives must be balanced with protection for community character and livability.
- Changes to business district zoning should be communicated transparently to stakeholders, including local businesses. Ensure that small businesses can thrive alongside residential developments.
- Manage growth carefully to avoid overdevelopment.
- Limiting building heights and ensure adequate infrastructure to help preserve Edmonds's suburban feel and historic character.



- Integration and Connectivity:
 - Foster a cohesive community, new developments should incorporate small footpaths and bicycle paths that connect neighborhoods to key destinations such as schools, hospitals, and stores.
- Natural Resources:
 - CARAs and other critical areas are not protected enough/not mentioned enough in LU policies
 - Policy for daylighting Willow Creek missing.
- Open Spaces:
 - More **public space** to accommodate all the growth the city is planning for.
- Incentives Program:
 - Green incentives should be highlighted more
 - Incentives for restoring historic structures
 - Zoning should be reassessed to allow **fair development opportunities**. Simplify the rules and providing clear guidelines will attract developers while ensuring responsible growth.



Parking:

- Resistance to reduced parking requirements especially for multi family apartments.
- Goals of reducing cars and freedom of movement will decrease the success of small local businesses.
- Residents are going to have to deal with more traffic, congestion and parking problems because the City refuses to provide more public parking and require more parking for new development.

Downtown:

- Clarify FLU designation of Downtown Mixed use
- Make core- 5th street a pedestrian only area; paid parking in downtown
- Restricting parking to handicapped at the waterfront.

Waterfront and Marsh

- UNOCAL be marked as Open Space
- Add a Sea Level Rise Risk Area (as King County has done) and extend coastal floodplain regulations to that area.



Funding: Comments pertaining to both increased tax burden and existing fiscal crisis

- Too many actions require citizen tax dollars: decreased impact fees, MHA Program, rental assistance, MFTE, Homeless Assistance programs
- Money required for improving road infrastructure to accommodate growth
- No fiscal constraints while developing policy: test all policies against what city can realistically afford.



Connecting back to Vision: Landuse Element Guiding Principle

COMPREHENSIVE PLAN VISION STATEMENT:

"Edmonds is a charming and welcoming city offering outstanding quality of life for all with vibrant and diverse neighborhoods, safe streets, parks, and a thriving arts scene shaped in a way to promote healthy lifestyles, climate resiliency, and access to the natural beauty of our community."

Land Use Element Guiding Principle:

Grow mindfully with a place-driven approach that integrates all aspects of the built environment- land use, transportation, economic development, infrastructure, inclusivity and social amenities to foster well-designed and livable environments for all.

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Land Use Goals Framework

Single Uses

Natural Environment

Citywide

- Quality of Life
- Compact & efficient land use
- Place based approach
- Mitigate impacts of existing corridor development
- Public investments
- Walkability
- Capital facilities investments in underserved areas
- Edmonds Imageability
- Topography and public views
- Complete streets

Neighborhood Centers & Hubs

- Focused growth
- Multi family & Mixed use
- Focal points for residents needs, services, jobs, housing
- · Disparity and displacement'
- Support for local businesses
- Incentives
- Transit infrastructure development
- Transition to the surroundings
- Regulations and barriers
- Healthy communities
- Parking Strategies
- Partnerships

Activity Centers

- Unique identity of downtown
- Historic preservation
- Public realm
- Strengthen Creative district
- H-99 sub area transition
- Mechanisms and regulations
- · Accessibility and safety
- Block connections and streetscapes
- Unique opportunities
- Neighborhood Action Plan framework

Land Use Goals Framework



Residential:

- Shift from single family dominant to diverse housing
- Context appropriate standards
- Quality housing
- Development standards and regulations

Commercial:

- Design, location, access and safety
- Traffic and noise impacts
- Connectivity
- Parking
- Public amenities

Industrial:

- Where and how this should happen if opportunity arises
- How the impacts must be considered before allowing

Open Spaces:

- Feasibility
- Suitability
- Location and uses
- Land use patterns in support of PROS plan

- Compatibility of new development with natural constraints
- Protect critical areas
- Regulations for development
- Managing storm water
- Regulations that impact ground water recharge, waste disposal, etc.
- Soil & topography issues
- Development on steep slopes
- Identifying high risk areas
- Stability for developments
- Special building & design standards
- Habitat vegetation
- Preserve & protect trees



Upcoming key dates

Key Dates	Discussion Topic
End of August (Date to be confirmed)	DEIS to be issued
Mid September	DEIS Public Webinar Comment period through September
September 25 th	DEIS Comment Summary – Planning Board
October 1 st	DEIS Comment Summary – Council
October 9 th , October 23 rd	Preferred Alternative & Final Plan Discussion with Planning Board
October 29 th , November 4 th	Preferred Alternative & Final Plan Discussion with City council









